TOWN OF HAMPSTEAD, NEW HAMPSHIRE

Financial Statements

December 31, 2020

and

Independent Auditor's Report

TOWN OF HAMPSTEAD, NEW HAMPSHIRE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2020

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Selectmen Town of Hampstead, New Hampshire

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Hampstead, New Hampshire (the Town), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Basis for Adverse Opinion on Governmental Activities

As discussed in Note 2 to the financial statements, management has not recorded a liability, deferred outflows of resources, or deferred inflows of resources for the Town's single employer other post-employment benefits plan in governmental activities and, accordingly, has not recorded an expense for the current period change in that liability. Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that other post-employment benefits attributable to employee services already rendered and that are not contingent on a specific event that is outside the control of the employer and employee be accrued as liabilities and expenses as employees earn the rights to the benefits, which would increase the liabilities, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources, reduce the net position, and change the expenses of the governmental activities. The amount by which this departure would affect the liabilities, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources, net position, and expenses of the governmental activities is not reasonably determinable.

Adverse Opinion

In our opinion, because of the significance of the matter described in the "Basis for Adverse Opinion on Governmental Activities" paragraph, the financial statements referred to above do not present fairly the financial position of the governmental activities of the Town of Hampstead, New Hampshire, as of December 31, 2020, or the changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Unmodified Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Hampstead, New Hampshire, as of December 31, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, schedule of changes in the Town's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, schedule of Town OPEB contributions, schedule of changes in the Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability, and schedule of Town pension contributions, on pages i-vi and 32-38 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Town of Hampstead, New Hampshire's basic financial statements. The combining nonmajor governmental fund financial statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining nonmajor governmental fund financial statements are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining nonmajor governmental fund financial statements are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Vachon Clubary & Company PC

Manchester, New Hampshire December 27, 2021

Town of Hampstead Management's Discussion and Analysis

As management of the Town of Hampstead we offer readers this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Town of Hampstead for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2020. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in the Town's financial statements.

A. <u>OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS</u>

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the Town of Hampstead's basic financial statements. The basic financial statements are comprised of three components: (1) government-wide financial statements, (2) fund financial statements, and (3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of our finances in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The **Net Position** presents information on all assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Town is improving or deteriorating.

The **Statement of Activities** presents information showing how the Town's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will not result in cash flows until future fiscal periods (such as uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation and sick leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements display information about the Town as a whole and include the financial activities of the primary government with the exception of the fiduciary funds.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Town, like other local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. The fund financial statements focus on the individual parts of the Town government and report the Town's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements. The Town's funds are divided into 2 categories—governmental and fiduciary. For governmental funds, only those funds that are considered Major Funds are reported in individual columns in the Fund Financial Statements with combining schedules in the Supplementary Section to support the non-major activities. Fiduciary Funds are reported by fiduciary type (private-purpose trusts and custodial funds).

<u>Governmental Funds</u>: Most of the basic services provided by the Town are financed through governmental funds. Unlike the government-wide financial statements, the governmental fund financial statements report using the modified accrual basis of accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted into cash. Governmental fund information helps determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the Town's programs.

Since the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented here with similar information presented in the government-wide financial statements.

An annual appropriated budget is adopted for the general fund and certain non-major special revenue funds. Budgetary comparison statements have been provided to demonstrate compliance with the budget.

Fiduciary Funds: These funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the Town government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of these funds are not available to support the Town's own programs. The fiduciary fund category consists of two classifications: private purpose and custodial funds. The Town's custodial fund accounts for the performance deposits held by the Town for developers, capital reserve funds of the Hampstead School District, property taxes collected on behalf of Hampstead School District and Rockingham County, and motor vehicle fees collected on behalf of the State of New Hampshire. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds in that they use the accrual basis of accounting.

<u>Notes to the financial statements</u>: The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

<u>Other information</u>: In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information which is required to be disclosed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). Additional combining statements and schedules are presented immediately following the notes to the financial statements.

B. <u>FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS</u>

- The total assets and deferred outflows of resources of the Town exceeded total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at fiscal year ending December 31, 2020 with a balance of 2,018,256 (Total net position) which is a decrease from the balance of 2019 by \$155,478 or about 7%.
- As of the close of the fiscal year 2020, the Town's governmental funds reported a combined ending fund balance of \$2,600,098 which is an increase of \$406,205 from 2019.

C. <u>GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS</u>

	2020	2019
Current Assets	\$ 2,804,080	\$ 2,369,526
Capital Assets	\$ 4,674,718	\$ 4,358,800
Total Assets	\$ 7,478,798	\$ 6,728,326
Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$ 1,554,484	\$ 609,462
Current Liabilities	\$ 248,581	\$ 163,901
Other Liabilities	\$ 6,697,453	\$ 4,916,608
Total Liabilities	\$ 6,946,034	\$ 5,080,509
Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$ 68,992	\$ 126,302
Net investment in Capital Assets	\$ 4,153,885	\$ 4,226,427
Restricted	\$ 887,118	\$ 757,228
Unrestricted	\$ (3,022,747)	\$ (2,852,678)
Total Net Position	\$ 2,018,256	\$ 2,130,977

The following is a summary of condensed government-wide financial data for the current year and prior fiscal year.

Net Position

As stated earlier, the Town's net position (the amount of assets and deferred outflows of resources exceed liabilities and deferred inflows of resources) from governmental activities totaled \$2,018,256 at the end of 2020, a decrease of 155,478 when compared to the end of the previous year, after restatement.

GASB 34 required the recording of Town's investment in capital assets (land, building, machinery and equipment, vehicles, etc.) at cost, calculating the accumulated depreciation and arriving at net capital assets. The total noncurrent assets at December 31, 2020 amounted to \$4,674,718 which is a net increase of \$315,918 from December 31, 2019. The recognition of the capital assets, net accumulated depreciation, is required to be reported in the government-wide statements.

Keeping in mind that net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position, it should be noted that the Town's collections in property tax revenue, taxes and licenses, as well as a 96% property tax collection rate for 2020 property tax billing have also had impact on financial operations.

Statement of Activities

The Town's total revenue for fiscal 2020 of \$7,747,246 did not exceed the total expenses of \$7,902,724 resulting in a net position decrease of \$155,478.

The following is a summary of condensed government-wide financial data of the net position for the current year and the prior year as required under GASB 34 rules.

			2020	2019	Increase Decrease)	% Change
Revenues:						
Program Revenue	s:					
Charge for Servic	es		\$ 476,471	\$ 385,134	\$ 91,337	24%
Operating and Ca Contributions	pital Grants &	ζ	\$ 538,714	\$ 286,401	\$ 252,313	88%
General Revenues	:		, i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i	,		
Property & Other	Taxes		\$ 3,456,990	\$ 3,354,542	\$ 102,448	3%
Licenses & Perm	its		\$ 2,545,060	\$ 2,452,010	\$ 93,050	4%
Intergovernmenta	ıl		\$ 504,225	\$ 443,582	\$ 60,643	14%
Interest & Investment Income			\$ 151,776	\$ 221,290	\$ (69,514)	-31%
Miscellaneous			\$ 69,564	\$ 59,540	\$ 10,024	17%
Contributions to	permanent fun	ds	\$ 4,446	\$ 8,597	\$ (4,151)	-48%
Total Revenues			\$ 7,747,246	\$ 7,211,096	\$ 536,150	7%
Expenses:						
General Governm	nent		\$ 1,902,762	\$ 1,798,754	\$ 104,008	6%
Public Safety			\$ 3,421,423	\$ 3,123,300	\$ 356,010	12%
Highway & Stree	ts		\$ 886,134	\$ 850,138	\$ 35,996	4%
Sanitation			\$ 733,842	\$ 667,391	\$ (340,989)	-32%
Health & Welfare	e		\$ 113,986	\$ 117,502	\$ (3,516)	-3%
Culture & Recrea	tion		\$ 811,197	\$ 914,798	\$ 103,601	-11%
Conservation			\$ 9,007	\$ 5,552	\$ 5,396	149%
Interest and Fisca	l Charges		\$ 24,373	\$ 17,676	\$ 6,697	38%
Total Expenses			\$ 7,902,724	\$ 7,842,723	\$ 60,001	1%
Changes in Net	Position		\$ (155,478)	\$ (631,627)	\$ 476,149	-75%
Net Position, Begin	ning of Year,	as restated	\$ 2,173,734	\$ 3,458,761	\$ (588,870)	-21%
Net Position, End c	of Year		\$ 2,018,256	\$ 2,130,977	\$ (112,721)	-5%

Property and other taxes amounted to \$3,456,990 in revenues. Licenses and permits amounted to \$2,545,060 in revenues. Other revenues consisted of municipal aid, rooms and meals tax distribution, interest and investment earnings, and miscellaneous revenues.

The Town's \$7,902,724 in expenses covered a range of services. Highway department and sanitation amounted to \$1,619,976. Public safety amounted to \$3,421,423. General government amounted to \$1,902,762 with Culture and recreation amounted \$811,197, Conservation at \$9,007 and Health and Welfare at \$113,986.

D. FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE TOWN'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the Town uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds. The focus of the Town's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Town's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year. As of the end of the current fiscal year, governmental funds reported a combined ending fund balances of \$2,600,098, an increase of \$406,205 in comparison with the prior year.

The general fund is the chief operating fund of the Town. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unreserved fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. At the end of the current fiscal year, the general fund had an unassigned fund balance of \$872,122.

The goal of the Town of Hampstead is to retain an unreserved fund balance of 8%-15% of total appropriations. For fiscal 2020 total Town appropriations (not including school or county) amounted to \$7,383,233. Setting the unassigned fund balance from the ranges (8% to 15%) would give a fund balance from \$590,659 to \$1,107,485. The unassigned budgetary fund balance as of December 31, 2020 is \$1,017,475 (see notes to the RSI on page 37).

<u>Other Governmental Funds</u>: Total fund balance in the other governmental funds increased by \$145,247 in fiscal 2020.

E. <u>GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS</u>

The actual budgetary revenues were favorable overall compared to the budget for estimated revenues by \$70,768. Property and other Taxes were less than the budgeted amount by \$5,933. Intergovernmental revenue was up by \$37,868, Licenses and Permits were up \$7,602, Charges for Services was also up by \$7,774, and miscellaneous income was up by \$39,427. The Interest income revenue was down by \$15,970 at year end compared to what was budgeted.

All of the Departments underspent their budget. The total underspent amounted to a combined total of \$606,234.

F. <u>CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION</u>

<u>Capital Assets</u>: The Town's investment in capital assets for its governmental activities as of December 31, 2020, amounts to \$8,486,344. Accumulated depreciation amounts to \$3,811,626, leaving a net book value of \$4,674,718. This investment in capital assets includes vehicles and equipment, land, buildings and improvements.

Additional information on the Town's capital assets can be found in Note 4 of the Notes to the Basic Financial Statements.

Debt Administration: The Town of Hampstead has various equipment lease agreements for items such as for the Highway Department a loader, a truck, and a backhoe. The Sanitation Department has leased rollout cards. The Police Department has leased vehicles. There is also a new lease for a fire truck. All of the leases have an escape clause pending appropriation. At the December 31, 2020, the balances for the leases are \$719,769. The lease agreements are aged out as far as 2026.

<u>Net Pension Liability & OPEB</u>: For the fiscal year ending December 31, 2015, The Town of Hampstead implemented GASB No. 68. See Note 7 for further information. For the fiscal year ending December 31, 2018, the Town of Hampstead implemented GASB 75, and see Note 6 for further information.

Fair Value Measurement of Investments: The Town of Hampstead implemented GASB Statement 72, *Fair Value Measurement and Application*, which categorized the fair measurements of its investments within the fair value hierarchy established by accounting principles of generally accepted in the United States. There are three levels, and the Town of Hampstead has Mutual Funds in the amount of \$703,755 at Level 1.

ECONOMIC FACTORS

2020 presented unprecedented challenges with the presence of Covid-19. This worldwide epidemic had its impact on Hampstead by directly impacting the health and safety of our residents and employees. The curtailing or limiting of operations in programs such as the Recreation Summer program, Senior Trips, Library programs, and some normal day to day operations. Through it all we continued to provide the services needed in a safe effective manner. With the changes made in programs and some services, receipt of grants to cover Covid-19 expenses etc. left the town in a good economic situation at the end of the 2020 Fiscal Year.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Town's finances for all of Hampstead's citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors, and creditors. This financial report seeks to demonstrate the Town's accountability for the money it receives. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to: Town of Hampstead, Selectmen's Office at 11 Main Street, Hampstead, NH 03841.

EXHIBIT A TOWN OF HAMPSTEAD, NEW HAMPSHIRE Statement of Net Position

December 31, 2020

	Governmental
ASSETS	Activities
Current Assets:	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,527,616
Investments	912,990
Taxes receivable, net	252,971
Accounts receivable	25,798
Due from other governments	77,524
Prepaid items	7,181
Total Current Assets	2,804,080
Noncurrent Assets:	
Capital assets:	
Non-depreciable capital assets	654,396
Depreciable capital assets, net	4,020,322
Total Noncurrent Assets	4,674,718
Total Assets	7,478,798
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred outflows related to OPEB liability	29,604
Deferred outflows related to net pension liability	1,524,880
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	1,554,484
LIABILITIES	
Current Liabilities:	
Accrued liabilities	71,838
Current portion of capital leases payable	176,743
Total Current Liabilities	248,581
Noncurrent Liabilities:	
Capital leases payable	543,026
Compensated absences payable	235,471
OPEB liability	427,051
Net pension liability	5,491,905
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	6,697,453
Total Liabilities	6,946,034
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Uncollected land use change taxes	5,500
Deferred inflows related to OPEB liability	4,525
Deferred inflows related to net pension liability	58,967
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	68,992
NET POSITION	
Net investment in capital assets	4,153,885
Restricted	887,118
Unrestricted (deficit)	(3,022,747)
Total Net Position	\$ 2,018,256

EXHIBIT B TOWN OF HAMPSTEAD, NEW HAMPSHIRE Statement of Activities

For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

				Program		ues Dperating	a	xpense) Revenue nd Changes Net Position
			Cl	narges for	G	rants and	G	overnmental
Functions/Programs		Expenses	2	Services	<u>Co</u>	ntributions		Activities
Governmental Activities:								
General government	\$	1,902,762	\$	93,814	\$	62,742	\$	(1,746,206)
Public safety		3,421,423		344,741		228,707		(2,847,975)
Highways and streets		886,134				217,033		(669,101)
Sanitation		733,842		28,122		5,983		(699,737)
Health and welfare		113,986						(113,986)
Culture and recreation		811,197		9,794		24,249		(777,154)
Conservation		9,007						(9,007)
Interest and fiscal charges		24,373						(24,373)
Total governmental activities	\$	7,902,724	\$	476,471	\$	538,714		(6,887,539)
	Gen	eral revenues:						
	Pı	operty and oth	er taxes	5				3,456,990
		censes and per						2,545,060
		rants and contri		s:				, ,
		Municipal aid						61,907
		Rooms and me	als tax	distribution				442,318
	In	terest and invest	stment	earnings				151,776
	М	iscellaneous						69,564
	Con	tributions to pe	rmanei	nt fund princij	oal			4,446
		Total general r	evenue	s and contribu	tions			
		to perma	nent fu	nd principal				6,732,061
		Change in ne	t positi	ion				(155,478)
	Net	Position at beg	inning	of year, as res	tated			2,173,734
	Net	Position at end	of yea	r			\$	2,018,256

EXHIBIT C TOWN OF HAMPSTEAD, NEW HAMPSHIRE **Balance Sheet Governmental Funds** December 31, 2020

December	31	, 2020
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ASSETS	General <u>Fund</u>	Permanent <u>Funds</u>	Cable Advisory <u>Board Fund</u>	Nonmajor Governmental <u>Funds</u>	Total Governmental <u>Funds</u>
	¢ 010 07 0	¢ 20.025	¢ 411.004	¢ 250.210	Ф 1. 507 (1)
Cash and cash equivalents Investments	\$ 818,279 307,769	\$ 38,835	\$ 411,284	\$ 259,218	\$ 1,527,616
Taxes receivable, net	252,971	605,221			912,990 252,971
Accounts receivable	1,518			24,280	25,798
Due from other governments	77,524			24,280	77,524
Due from other funds	4,755			250	5,005
Prepaid items	7,181			250	7,181
Total Assets	1,469,997	644,056	411,284	283,748	2,809,085
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	-	-	-	-	-
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$ 1,469,997	\$ 644,056	\$ 411,284	\$ 283,748	\$ 2,809,085
LIABILITIES					
Accrued liabilities	\$ 53,129				\$ 53,129
Due to other funds	250	\$ 4,755		. <u></u>	5,005
Total Liabilities	53,379	4,755	<u>\$</u> -	<u>\$</u> -	58,134
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Uncollected property taxes	145,353				145,353
Uncollected land use change taxes	5,500				5,500
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	150,853		-		150,853
FUND BALANCES					
Nonspendable	7,181	521,088			528,269
Restricted	219,141	118,213		28,676	366,030
Committed	75,410		411,284	244,389	731,083
Assigned	91,911			10,683	102,594
Unassigned	872,122	620.201	411 294	202 749	872,122
Total Fund Balances	1,265,765	639,301	411,284	283,748	2,600,098
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances	\$ 1,469,997	\$ 644,056	<u>\$ 411,284</u>	\$ 283,748	\$ 2,809,085

EXHIBIT C-1 TOWN OF HAMPSTEAD, NEW HAMPSHIRE Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position

December 31, 2020

Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds (Exhibit C)	\$ 2,600,098
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	4,674,718
Property taxes are recognized on an accrual basis in the statement of net position, not the modified accrual basis.	145,353
Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources that do not require or provide the use of current financial resources are not reported within the funds:	
Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB liability	29,604
Deferred outflows of resources related to net pension liability	1,524,880
Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB liability	(4,525)
Deferred inflows of resources related to net pension liability	(58,967)
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. Long-term liabilities at year end consist of:	
Capital leases payable	(719,769)
Accrued interest on long-term obligations	(18,709)
Compensated absences payable	(235,471)
OPEB liability	(427,051)
Net pension liability	 (5,491,905)
Net Position of Governmental Activities (Exhibit A)	\$ 2,018,256

EXHIBIT D TOWN OF HAMPSTEAD, NEW HAMPSHIRE Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds

For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

	General Fund	Permanent Funds	Cable Advisory <u>Board Fund</u>	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental <u>Funds</u>
Revenues:					
Taxes	\$ 3,492,732				\$ 3,492,732
Licenses and permits	2,451,627		\$ 93,433		2,545,060
Intergovernmental	1,018,690		24,249		1,042,939
Charges for services	212,169			\$ 264,302	476,471
Interest and investment income	55,025	\$ 95,551	237	963	151,776
Miscellaneous	59,577	4,446		9,987	74,010
Total Revenues	7,289,820	99,997	117,919	275,252	7,782,988
Expenditures:					
Current operations:					
General government	1,781,434			50	1,781,484
Public safety	3,226,017			243,881	3,469,898
Highways and streets	888,887				888,887
Sanitation	810,625				810,625
Health and welfare	113,986				113,986
Culture and recreation	649,052		90,604	7,715	747,371
Conservation	8,091			916	9,007
Total Expenditures	7,478,092	-	90,604	252,562	7,821,258
Excess revenues over (under) expenditures	(188,272)	99,997	27,315	22,690	(38,270)
Other financing sources (uses):					
Capital lease issuance	444,475				444,475
Transfers in	4,755				4,755
Transfers out		(4,755)			(4,755)
Total Other financing sources (uses)	449,230	(4,755)			444,475
Net change in fund balances	260,958	95,242	27,315	22,690	406,205
Fund Balances at beginning of year, as restated	1,004,807	544,059	383,969	261,058	2,193,893
Fund Balances at end of year	\$ 1,265,765	\$ 639,301	\$ 411,284	\$ 283,748	\$ 2,600,098

EXHIBIT D-1 TOWN OF HAMPSTEAD, NEW HAMPSHIRE Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

Net Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds (Exhibit D)	\$ 406,205
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation expense in the current period.	315,918
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.	(35,742)
Repayment of principal on capital leases is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.	116,044
Issuance of capital lease obligations are reported as other financing sources in the governmental funds, but capital lease obligations increase long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.	(444,475)
In the statement of activities, interest is accrued on outstanding debt, whereas in governmental funds, an interest expenditure is reported when due.	(2,646)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities, such as compensated absences, do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds.	(49,455)
Governmental funds report OPEB and pension contributions as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, OPEB and pension expense reflects the change in the OPEB liability and net pension liability and related deferred outflows and inflows of resources, and does not require the use of current financial resources. This is the amount by which OPEB and pension expense differed from OPEB and pension contributions in the current period.	
Net changes in pension	 30,212 (491,539)
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities (Exhibit B)	\$ (155,478)

EXHIBIT E TOWN OF HAMPSTEAD, NEW HAMPSHIRE Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds December 31, 2020

	Private- Purpose <u>Trust Funds</u>	Custodial <u>Funds</u>
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents		\$ 11,203,396
Investments	\$ 41,420	\$ 11,205,590
Taxes receivable	φ 11,120	639,984
Total Assets	41,420	11,843,380
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Total Deferred Outflows of Resources		<u>-</u>
LIABILITIES		
Due to other governments	971	10,469,815
Total Liabilities	971	10,469,815
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		
NET POSITION		
Restricted for:		1 272 545
Individuals, organizations, and other governments Held in trust	40,449	1,373,565
Total Net Position	<u> </u>	\$ 1,373,565

EXHIBIT F TOWN OF HAMPSTEAD, NEW HAMPSHIRE Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds

For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

ADDITIONS:	Private- Purpose <u>Trust Funds</u>	Custodial <u>Funds</u>	
Investment Earnings:			
Interest income	\$ 971	\$ 5,822	
Realized gain on investments	6,515		
Total Investment Earnings	7,486	5,822	
Property tax collections for other governments		24,850,324	
Motor vehicle fee collections for other governments		658,278	
Miscellaneous		277,915	
Total Additions	7,486	25,792,339	
DEDUCTIONS:			
Beneficiary payments to individuals	971		
Payments to others		115,586	
Payments of property tax to other governments		24,850,324	
Payments of motor vehicle fees to other governments		658,278	
Total Deductions	971	25,624,188	
Change in net position	6,515	168,151	
Net Position at beginning of year	33,934	1,205,414	
Net Position at end of year	\$ 40,449	<u>\$ 1,373,565</u>	

TOWN OF HAMPSTEAD, NEW HAMPSHIRE NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2020

NOTE 1—SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies of the Town of Hampstead, New Hampshire conform to accounting policies generally accepted in the United States of America for local governmental units, except as indicated hereinafter. The following is a summary of significant accounting policies.

Financial Reporting Entity

The Town of Hampstead, New Hampshire (the Town) was incorporated in 1749. The Town operates under the Town Meeting/Board of Selectmen form of government and performs local governmental functions as authorized by State law.

The financial statements include those of the various departments governed by the Board of Selectmen and other officials with financial responsibility. The Town has no other separate organizational units, which meet criteria for inclusion in the financial statements as defined by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB).

Basis of Presentation

The Town's basic financial statements consist of government-wide statements, including a statement of net position and a statement of activities, and fund financial statements which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

1. Government-Wide Financial Statements:

The statement of net position and statement of activities display information about the Town as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds.

The statement of net position presents the financial condition of the governmental activities of the Town at year end. The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each program or function of the Town's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program, grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program and interest earned on grants that is required to be used to support a particular program. Revenues which are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the Town. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the Town.

2. Fund Financial Statements:

During the year, the Town segregates transactions related to certain Town functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the Town at this more detailed level. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. The fiduciary funds are reported by type.

December 31, 2020

Fund Accounting

The Town uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. The Town employs the use of two categories of funds: governmental and fiduciary.

1. Governmental Funds:

Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and deferred outflows of resources, and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, is reported as fund balance. The following are the Town's major governmental funds:

The *General Fund* is the main operating fund of the Town and is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The *Permanent Funds* account for the financial transactions related to resources that are legally restricted to the extent that only earnings and not principal may be used for purposes that support the Town's programs.

The *Cable Advisory Board Fund* accounts for the resources and related expenditures that support the cable advisory board.

2. Fiduciary Funds:

Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net position and changes in net position. The Town maintains two categories of fiduciary funds known as private-purpose trust funds and custodial funds. Trust funds are used to account for assets held by the Town under a trust agreement for individuals, private organizations, or other governments and are therefore not available to support the Town's own programs. The Town maintains one private-purpose trust which accounts for school programs. The Town's custodial funds are held and administered by the Town for the benefit of others; assets are not available to support the Town or its programs. The Town's custodial funds account for the performance deposits held by the Town for developers, capital reserve funds of the Hampstead School District, which are held by the Town as required by state law, property taxes collected on behalf of Hampstead School District and Rockingham County, and motor vehicle fees collected on behalf of the State of New Hampshire.

Measurement Focus

1. Government-Wide Financial Statements:

The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. All assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources associated with the operation of the Town are included on the Statement of Net Position.

December 31, 2020

2. Fund Financial Statements:

All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets, deferred outflows of resources, current liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources generally are included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include reconciliations with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

The fiduciary funds are reported using the economic resources measurement focus.

Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Fiduciary funds also use the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Differences in the accrual and the modified accrual basis of accounting arise in the recognition of revenue and in the presentation of expenses versus expenditures.

1. Revenues – Exchange and Non-exchange Transactions:

Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current year. For the Town, available means expected to be received within sixty days of year end.

Non-exchange transactions, in which the Town receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the year for which the taxes are levied (see Note 11). Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the year when use is first permitted; matching requirements, in which the Town must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose; and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the Town on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from non-exchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at year end: property taxes, charges for service, and interest on investments.

Licenses and permits, and miscellaneous revenues are recorded as revenues when received in cash because they are generally not measurable until actually received.

December 31, 2020

Grants and entitlements received before the eligibility requirements are met are recorded as advances from grantors. On governmental fund financial statements, taxes receivable that will not be collected within the available period have been reported as deferred inflows of resources.

2. Expenses/Expenditures:

On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred. The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization are not recognized in governmental funds.

Budgetary Data

The Town's budget represents functional appropriations as authorized by annual or special Town meetings. The Selectmen may transfer funds between operating categories as they deem necessary. The Town adopts its budget under State regulations, which differ somewhat from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America in that the focus is on the entire governmental unit rather than on the basis of fund types.

State law requires balanced budgets but permits the use of beginning fund balance to reduce the property tax rate. For the year ended December 31, 2020, the Town applied \$500,000 of unassigned fund balance to reduce taxes.

Investments

Investments are stated at their fair value in all funds. Certificates of deposit and repurchase agreements with a maturity of greater than ninety days from the date of issuance are included in investments.

Taxes Receivable

Taxes levied during the current year and prior and uncollected at December 31, 2020 are recorded as receivables net of reserves for estimated uncollectibles of \$25,000.

Capital Assets

General capital assets result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the government-wide statement of net position, but are not reported in the fund financial statements.

All capital assets, including infrastructure, are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated capital assets are recorded at their acquisition value as of the date received. The Town maintains a capitalization threshold of \$10,000. The Town's infrastructure consists of traffic lights. The Town is not required to retroactively report its general infrastructure (e.g. roads, bridges, and sidewalks). Infrastructure records have been maintained effective January 1, 2004 and are included in these financial statements. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not.

December 31, 2020

All reported capital assets except for land and construction in progress are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Useful lives for infrastructure were estimated based on the Town's historical records of necessary improvements and replacement. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Description	Years
Infrastructure	25
Land improvements	20-25
Buildings and improvements	10-40
Vehicles and equipment	3-20

Compensated Absences

Full-time non-union employees earn personal days, based upon length of service, up to a maximum of 34 days per year. Upon termination or retirement, employees shall receive payment for any unused accumulated personal days up to 60 days. Police employees earn vacation time based upon length of service up to 20 days per year. They may carryover up to 20 days and upon termination, retirement or death, they will be paid for all accumulated vacation time at their current rate of pay. Police employees also earn personal time of 12 days per year which can be accumulated up to a maximum of 75 days. Police employees are eligible to receive 50% of their balance of personal time upon termination or retirement.

For governmental fund financial statements, compensated absences are reported as liabilities and expenditures as payments come due each period upon the occurrence of employee death or retirement. The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements.

Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

Except for the obligation for certain other post-employment benefits (see Note 2), all payables, accrued liabilities, and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements. In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current resources are reported as obligations of the funds. However, compensated absences that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as liabilities in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment during the current year. Other long-term obligations that will be paid from governmental funds are recognized as a liability in the fund financial statements when due.

Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the New Hampshire Retirement System (NHRS) OPEB Plan and additions to/deductions from NHRS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by NHRS. For this purpose, NHRS recognizes benefit payments when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value, except for non-registered commingled funds valued at net asset value (NAV) as a practical expedient to estimate fair value.

December 31, 2020

Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the New Hampshire Retirement System (NHRS) and additions to/deductions from NHRS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by NHRS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms.

Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources, and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances on any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the Town or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments. Unrestricted net position is the net amount of the assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources that are not included in the determination of net investment in capital assets or the restricted components of net position.

The Town's policy is to first apply restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available.

Fund Balance Policy

The Town has segregated fund balance into five classifications: Nonspendable, Restricted, Committed, Assigned, and Unassigned. These components of fund balance are defined as follows:

- <u>Nonspendable Fund Balance</u>: Amounts that are not in a spendable form (such as inventory or prepaid expenses) or are required to be maintained intact (such as principal of permanent trust or endowment fund).
- <u>Restricted Fund Balance</u>: Funds legally restricted for specific purposes such as grant, library, income balance of permanent funds, and capital project funds. Restrictions may be changed or lifted only with the consent of the resource provider (grantors) or enabling legislation (Federal or State law).
- <u>Committed Fund Balance</u>: Amounts that can only be used for a specific purpose determined by a formal action of the Town's highest level of decision making authority (Annual Town Meeting): such as expendable trusts (capital reserve), non-lapsing appropriations and other Special Revenue Funds not listed under Restricted can change purposing by a vote at town meetings.
- <u>Assigned Fund Balance</u>: Amounts that are not obligated or specifically designated and are available for any purpose. For all government funds other than the General Fund, any remaining positive amounts are to be classified as "assigned". The Selectmen expressly delegates this authority to the Town Administration or Finance Director depending on the situation.
- <u>Unassigned Fund Balance</u>: Amounts that are not obligated or specifically designated and is available for any purpose. The residual classification of any General Fund balance is to be reported here. Any deficit fund balance of another fund is also classified as "unassigned".

December 31, 2020

Spending Prioritizations

In instances when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available, restricted fund balance is considered to have been spent first. When expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications may be applied, committed resources are to be applied first, followed by assigned and unassigned amounts.

Deficit Fund Balance

Pursuant to the Town's policy at year end, if any of the special revenue funds has a deficit unassigned fund balance, the Board of Selectmen is authorized to transfer funds from the General Fund to cover the deficit, providing the General Fund has the resources to do so.

Minimum Level of Unassigned Fund Balance

The Town strives to maintain an unassigned fund balance in its General Fund equal to 8-15% of the total annual appropriations of the community. Compliance with the provisions of this policy shall be reviewed as a part of the annual budget adoption process.

Interfund Activity

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/ expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/ expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented in the financial statements.

Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results may differ from those estimates.

NOTE 2—STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Other Post-Employment Benefits

The Town did not implement the provisions of GASB Statement 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions as it pertains to its single employer OPEB plan. Statement 75 requires governments to account for certain other postemployment benefits (OPEB), primarily healthcare, on an accrual basis rather than on a pay-as-you-go basis. The single employer provisions of GASB Statement 75 were required to be implemented by the Town during the year ended December 31, 2018. The Town has only implemented the provisions of GASB Statement 75 as it pertains to its cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plan (see Note 6).

NOTE 3—DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Deposits and investments as of December 31, 2020 are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

Statement of Net Position:	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,527,616
Investments	912,990
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position:	
Cash and cash equivalents	11,203,396
Investments	41,420
Total deposits and investments	\$ 13,685,422

Deposits and investments as of December 31, 2020 consist of the following:

Cash on hand	\$ 46,381
Deposits with financial institutions	12,775,499
Investments	 863,542
Total deposits and investments	\$ 13,685,422

The Town's investment policy requires that deposits and investments be made in New Hampshire based financial institutions that are participants in one of the federal depository insurance programs. The Town limits its investments to demand deposits, money market accounts, certificates of deposit and repurchase agreements in accordance with New Hampshire State law (RSA 41:29) or the New Hampshire Public Deposit Investment Pool (NHPDIP), an external investment pool, in accordance with New Hampshire State law (RSA 197:23-a). Responsibility for the investments of the Trust Funds is with the Trustees of Trust Funds.

Credit Risk

Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization.

As of December 31, 2020, the Town's investments in mutual funds totaling \$703,756 are not rated. At year end, the Town's investment in NHPDIP, an external investment pool, in the amount of \$159,786, had a rating of *Aaa-mf*.

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Town's deposits may not be returned. The custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty to a transaction a government will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of another party.

In accordance with the Town's investment policy, all funds must be secured by collateral having a market value of at least equal to 102% of the amount deposited or invested. The collateral shall only consist of securities in which Towns may invest, as provided in New Hampshire State law (RSA 368:57).

December 31, 2020

Of the Town's deposits with financial institutions at year end, \$12,067,421 was collateralized by securities held by the bank in the Town's name and \$3,151 was uninsured and uncollateralized at year end.

As of December 31, 2020, Town investments in the following investment types were held by the same counterparty that was used to buy the securities:

		Reported
	Investment Type	<u>Amount</u>
Mutual funds		\$ 703,756

Fair Value Measurement of Investments

The Town categorizes the fair value measurements of its investments within the fair value hierarchy established by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States. The fair value hierarchy categorizes the inputs to valuation techniques used for fair value measurement into three levels as follows (in order of priority):

- <u>Level 1 Inputs</u> Inputs that reflect quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the Town has the ability to access at the measurement date.
- <u>Level 2 Inputs</u> Inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for assets or liabilities either directly or indirectly, including inputs in markets that are not considered to be active.
- <u>Level 3 Inputs</u> Significant unobservable inputs.

As of December 31, 2020, the Town's investments measured at fair value, by type, were as follows:

	Fair Val	Fair Value Measurements Using:			
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3		
Investment Type	<u>Inputs</u>	<u>Inputs</u>	Inputs	Total	
Mutual funds	\$ 703,756			\$ 703,756	
	<u>\$ 703,756</u>	\$ -	\$ -	<u>\$ 703,756</u>	

Mutual funds classified as Level 1 are valued using unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for those securities.

Investments that are measured at fair value using the net asset value per share (or its equivalent) as a practical expedient are not classified in the fair value hierarchy.

Investment in NHPDIP

The Town is a voluntary participant in the New Hampshire Public Deposit Investment Pool (NHPDIP), an external investment pool. The NHPDIP is not registered with the United States Securities and Exchange Commission as an investment company. The NHPDIP was created by State law and is administered by a public body of state, local and banking officials. Financial statements for the NHPDIP can be accessed through the NHPDIP's website at www.NHPDIP.com.

December 31, 2020

The Town's exposure to derivatives is indirect through its participation in the NHPDIP. The Town's proportional share of these derivatives is not available. The fair value of the position in the investment pool is equal to the value of the pool shares.

NOTE 4—CAPITAL ASSETS

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets of the governmental activities:

	Balance 1/1/2020	Additions	Reductions	Balance <u>12/31/2020</u>
Governmental activities:				
Capital assets not depreciated:				
Land	\$ 654,396			\$ 654,396
Total capital assets not being depreciated	654,396	\$ -	\$ -	654,396
Other capital assets:				
Infrastructure	183,333			183,333
Land improvements	76,129			76,129
Buildings and improvements	4,136,739			4,136,739
Vehicles and equipment	2,807,506	628,238		3,435,744
Total other capital assets at historical cost	7,203,707	628,238		7,831,945
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Infrastructure	(105,719)	(7,333)		(113,052)
Land improvements	(22,828)	(3,607)		(26,435)
Buildings and improvements	(1,686,390)	(111,087)		(1,797,477)
Vehicles and equipment	(1,684,366)	(190,293)		(1,874,659)
Total accumulated depreciation	(3,499,303)	(312,320)		(3,811,623)
Total other capital assets, net	3,704,404	315,918		4,020,322
Total capital assets, net	\$ 4,358,800	<u>\$ 315,918</u>	<u>\$</u>	\$ 4,674,718

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

General government	\$ 11,721
Public safety	218,297
Highways and streets	43,228
Culture and recreation	 39,074
	\$ 312,320

The balance of the assets acquired through capital leases as of December 31, 2020 is as follows:

Vehicles and equipment	\$ 861,410
Less accumulated depreciation for:	
Vehicles and equipment	 (136,697)
	\$ 724,713

NOTE 5—LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

Changes in Long-Term Obligations

The changes in the Town's long-term obligations for the year ended December 31, 2020 are as follows:

	-	Balance ./1/2020	A	Additions	R	eductions	Balance 2/31/2020	Current Portion
Governmental activities: Capital leases payable Compensated absences payable	\$	391,338 186,016	\$	444,475 87.819	\$	(116,044) (38,364)	\$ 719,769 235,471	\$ 176,743
Compensated absences payable	\$	577,354	\$	532,294	\$	(154,408)	\$ 955,240	\$ 176,743

Payments on capital lease obligations are paid out of the General Fund. Compensated absences will be paid from the fund where the employee's salary is paid.

Capital Lease Obligations

Capital lease obligations represent lease agreements entered into for the financing of equipment acquisitions. These contracts are subject to cancellation should funds not be appropriated to meet payment obligations. Amounts are annually budgeted in the applicable function. Following are the outstanding capital lease obligations at December 31, 2020:

Loader, due in annual installments of \$21,335 through June 2022, including interest at 2.96%	\$	41,432
Police cruisers due in annual installments of \$13,910 through July 2022, including interest at 7.00%		25,150
Highway truck due in annual installments of \$10,535 through July 2021, including interest at 7.75%		9,776
Rollout carts due in annual installments of \$77,428 through April 2023, including interest at 6.72%		198,936
Fire Truck due in annual installments of \$79,525 through March 2026, including interest at 2.07%	<u>¢</u>	444,475
	<u>ə</u>	/19,/09

Debt service requirements to retire capital lease obligations outstanding at December 31, 2020 are as follows:

Year Ending			
December 31,	Principal	Interest	<u>Totals</u>
2021	\$ 176,743	\$ 25,990	\$ 202,733
2022	174,187	18,012	192,199
2023	139,789	10,713	150,502
2024	74,795	4,731	79,526
2025	76,339	3,186	79,525
2026	77,916	1,609	79,525
	\$ 719,769	\$ 64,241	\$ 784,010

NOTE 6—OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

Plan Description

The New Hampshire Retirement System (NHRS) administers a cost-sharing multiple-employer other postemployment benefit plan (OPEB Plan). The OPEB Plan provides a medical insurance subsidy to qualified retired members.

The NHRS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for NHRS. That report may be obtained by writing to New Hampshire Retirement System at 54 Regional Drive, Concord, New Hampshire 03301 or from their website at www.nhrs.org.

The OPEB Plan is divided into four membership types. The four memberships types are Group II Police Officer and Firefighters, Group I Teachers, Group I Political Subdivision Employees and Group I State Employees. The OPEB plan is closed to new entrants.

Benefits Provided

Benefit amounts and eligibility requirements for the OPEB Plan are set by state law (RSA 100-A:52, RSA 100-A:52-a and RSA 100-A:52-b), and members are designated in statute by type. The medical insurance subsidy is a payment made by NHRS to the former employer or its insurance administrator toward the cost of health insurance for a qualified retiree, his/her qualified spouse, and his/her certified dependent children with a disability who are living in the household and being cared for by the retiree. If the health insurance premium amount is less than the medical subsidy amount, then only the health insurance premium amount will be paid. If the health insurance premium amount exceeds the medical subsidy amount, then the retiree or other qualified person is responsible for paying any portion that the employer does not pay.

Group I benefits are based on creditable service, age and retirement date. Group II benefits are based on hire date, age and creditable service. Medical subsidy rates established by RSA 100-A:52 II are dependent upon whether retirees are eligible for Medicare. Retirees not eligible for Medicare may receive a maximum medical subsidy of \$375.56 for a single person plan and \$751.12 for a two-person plan. Retirees eligible for Medicare may receive a maximum medical subsidy of \$236.84 for a single person plan and \$473.68 for a two-person plan.

December 31, 2020

Funding Policy

Per RSA 100-A:16, contribution rates are established and may be amended by the New Hampshire State legislature and are determined by the NHRS Board of Trustees based on an actuarial valuation. The Town's contribution rates for the covered payroll of public safety employees and general employees were 3.66% and 0.29%, respectively, for the year ended December 31, 2020. Contributions to the OPEB plan for the Town were \$45,537 for the year ended December 31, 2020. Employees are not required to contribute to the OPEB plan.

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of **Resources Related to OPEB**

At December 31, 2020, the Town reported a liability of \$427,051 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2020, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by a roll forward of the actuarial valuation from June 30, 2019. The Town's proportion of the net OPEB liability was based on actual contributions by the Town during the relevant fiscal year relative to the actual contributions of all participating plan members, excluding contributions to separately finance specific liabilities of individual employers or NHRS. At June 30, 2020, the Town's proportion was approximately 0.0976 percent, which was a decrease of 0.0060 percentage points from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2019.

For the year ended December 31, 2020, the Town recognized OPEB expense of \$20,689. At December 31, 2020, the Town reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred		Deferred	
	Outflows of		Inflows of	
	<u>Resources</u>		Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience			\$	1,237
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments	\$	1,598		
Changes of assumptions		2,746		
Changes in proportion and differences between Town contributions and proportionate share of contributions				3,288
Town contributions subsequent to the measurement date		25,260		
Totals	\$	29,604	\$	4,525

The net amount of deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB is reflected as an increase to unrestricted net position in the amount of \$25,079. The Town reported \$25,260 as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from Town contributions subsequent to the measurement date. This amount will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the measurement period ended June 30, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense for the measurement periods as follows:

December 31, 2020

<u>June 30,</u>	
2021	\$ (1,659)
2022	473
2023	564
2024	 441
	\$ (181)

Actuarial Assumptions

The total OPEB liability was determined by a roll forward of the actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation	2.00%
Wage inflation	2.75% (2.25% for Teachers)
Salary increases	5.60%, average, including inflation
Investment rate of return	6.75% pear year, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation for determining solvency contributions

Mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 Healthy Retiree Mortality Tables with credibility adjustments for each group (Police and Fire combined) and projected fully generational mortality improvements using Scale MP-2019.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2019 valuation were based on the results of the most recent actuarial experience study, which was for the period July 1, 2015 – June 30, 2019.

The following assumptions were changed in the current year:

- Reduced the assumed rate of investment return from 7.25% to 6.75%
- Reduced the discount rate from 7.25% to 6.75%
- Reduced wage inflation from 3.25% to 2.75% (2.25% for teachers)
- Reduced price inflation from 2.5% to 2.0%
- Updated demographic assumptions, including merit and longevity salary increases, disability rates, retirement rates, and mortality tables (specifically the new public pension plan mortality tables)
- Increased the medical subsidy margin for teachers from 0.20% to 0.50%

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB Plan investments was selected from a best estimate range determined using the building block approach. Under this method, an expected future real return range is calculated separately for each asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return net of investment expenses by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Following is a table presenting target allocations and geometric real rates of return for each asset class:

December 31, 2020

		Weighted Average Long-Term
Asset Class	Target Allocation	Expected Real Rate of Return
Domestic equity	30%	3.71-4.15%
International equity	20%	3.96-6.20%
Fixed income	25%	0.42-1.66%
Alternative investments	15%	4.81-7.71%
Real estate	10%	2.95%
Total	100%	

The discount rate used to measure the collective total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2020 was 6.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine this single discount rate assumed that employer contributions will be made under the current statutes RSA 100-A:16 and RSA 100-A:53. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB Plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the collective total OPEB liability.

Sensitivity of the Town's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the Town's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability calculated using the discount rate of 6.75 percent, as well as what the Town's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the single discount rate:

		Current	
	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
	<u>(5.75%)</u>	<u>(6.75%)</u>	<u>(7.75%)</u>
Net OPEB liability	\$ 463,733	\$ 427,051	\$ 398,204

NOTE 7—DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN

Plan Description

The Town contributes to the New Hampshire Retirement System (NHRS), a public employee retirement system that administers a single cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. The plan provides service, disability, death and vested retirement allowances to plan members and beneficiaries. Benefit provisions are established and may be amended by the New Hampshire State legislature.

The NHRS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for NHRS. That report may be obtained by writing to New Hampshire Retirement System at 54 Regional Drive, Concord, New Hampshire 03301 or from their website at www.nhrs.org.

Substantially all full-time state and local employees, public school teachers, permanent firefighters and permanent police officers within the State are eligible and required to participate in the Pension Plan.

The Pension Plan is divided into two membership groups. State and local employees and teachers belong to Group I. Police and firefighters belong to Group II.

December 31, 2020

Benefits Provided

Benefit formulas and eligibility requirements for the pension plan are set by State law (RSA 100-A).

Group I benefits are provided based on creditable service and average final salary for the highest of either three or five years, depending on when service commenced.

Group II benefits are provided based on age, years of creditable service and a benefit multiplier depending on vesting status as of January 1, 2012. The maximum retirement allowance for Group II members vested by January 1, 2012 (45 years of age with 20 years of service or age 60 regardless of years of creditable service) is the average final compensation multiplied by 2.5% multiplied by creditable service. For Group II members not vested by January 1, 2012 the benefit is calculated the same way but the multiplier used in the calculation will change depending on age and years of creditable service as follows:

Years of Creditable Service as of		Minimum	Benefit
January 1, 2012	<u>Minimum Age</u>	<u>Service</u>	<u>Multiplier</u>
At least 8 but less than 10 years	46	21	2.4%
At least 6 but less than 8 years	47	22	2.3%
At least 4 but less than 6 years	48	23	2.2%
Less than 4 years	49	24	2.1%

Changes in Benefits

Ch 340 laws of 2019 (HB 616) grants a one-time, 1.5% COLA on the first \$50,000 of an annual pension benefit to members who retired on or before July 1, 2014, or any beneficiaries of such member who is receiving a survivorship pension benefit. The COLA will take effect on the retired member's first anniversary date of retirement occurring after July 1, 2020. The adjustment shall become a permanent addition to the member's base retirement allowance.

Funding Policy

Covered police officers and fire employees are required to contribute 11.55% and 11.80%, respectively, of their covered salary, whereas general employees are required to contribute 7.0% of their covered salary. The Town is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The Town's contribution rates for the covered payroll of police officers, fire employees, and general employees were 24.77%, 26.43%, and 10.88%, respectively, for the year ended December 31, 2020. The Town contributed 100% of the employer cost for public safety and general employees of the Town.

Per RSA 100-A:16, plan member contribution rates are established and may be amended by the New Hampshire State legislature and employer contribution rates are determined by the NHRS Board of Trustees based on an actuarial funding policy. The Town's pension contributions to the NHRS for the year ending December 31, 2020 were \$383,990.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pension

At December 31, 2020, the Town reported a liability of \$5,491,905 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2020, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by a roll forward of the actuarial valuation from June 30, 2019. The Town's proportion of the net pension liability was based on actual contributions by the Town during the relevant fiscal year relative to the actual contributions of all participating plan members, excluding contributions to separately finance specific liabilities of individual employers or NHRS. At June 30, 2020, the Town's proportion was approximately 0.0859 percent, which was an increase of 0.0027 percentage points from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2019.

For the year ended December 31, 2020, the Town recognized pension expense of \$920,848. At December 31, 2020, the Town reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension from the following sources:

	Deferred		D	eferred
	Outflows of		Inf	lows of
	<u>R</u>	esources	Re	esources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	148,308	\$	58,967
Change in assumptions		543,258		
Net difference between projected and actual investment earnings on pension plan investments		339,680		
Changes in proportion and differences between Town contributions and proportionate share of contributions		281,670		
Town contributions subsequent to the				
measurement date		211,964		
Totals	\$	1,524,880	\$	58,967

The net amount of deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension is reflected as an increase to unrestricted net position in the amount of \$1,465,913. The Town reported \$211,964 as deferred outflows of resources related to pension resulting from Town contributions subsequent to the measurement date. This amount will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the measurement period ended June 30, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized as pension expense in the measurement periods as follows:

Year Ending	
<u>June 30,</u>	
2021	\$ 289,449
2022	344,809
2023	340,872
2024	 278,819
	\$ 1,253,949

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability was determined by a roll forward of the actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019, using the following actuarial assumptions:

Inflation	2.00%
Wage inflation	2.75% (2.25% for Teachers)
Salary increases	5.60%, average, including inflation
Investment rate of return	6.75%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

Mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 Healthy Retiree Mortality Tables with credibility adjustments for each group (Police and Fire combined) and projected fully generational mortality improvements using Scale MP-2019.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2019 valuation were based on the results of the most recent actuarial experience study, which was for the period July 1, 2015 – June 30, 2019.

The following assumptions were changed in the current year:

- Reduced the assumed rate of investment return from 7.25% to 6.75% •
- Reduced the discount rate from 7.25% to 6.75% •
- Reduced wage inflation from 3.25% to 2.75% (2.25% for teachers) •
- Reduced price inflation from 2.5% to 2.0% •
- Updated demographic assumptions, including merit and longevity salary increases, disability rates, retirement rates, and mortality tables (specifically the new public pension plan mortality tables)

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was selected from a best estimate range determined using the building block approach. Under this method, an expected future real return range is calculated separately for each asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return net of investment expenses by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Following is a table presenting target allocations and geometric real rates of return for each asset class:

		Weighted Average Long-Term
Asset Class	Target Allocation	Expected Real Rate of Return
Domestic equity	30%	3.71-4.15%
International equity	20%	3.96-6.20%
Fixed income	25%	0.42-1.66%
Alternative investments	15%	4.81-7.71%
Real estate	10%	2.95%
Total	100%	

December 31, 2020

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the collective pension liability was 6.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contributions are projected based on the expected payroll of current members only. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the collective pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Town's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 6.75%, as well as what the Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the single discount rate:

	Current				
	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase		
	<u>(5.75%)</u>	<u>(6.75%)</u>	<u>(7.75%)</u>		
Town's proportionate share of the					
net pension liability	\$ 7,109,782	\$ 5,491,905	\$ 4,169,886		

NOTE 8—INTERFUND BALANCES AND TRANSFERS

The Town incurs various interfund balances throughout the year as a result of timing differences between when amounts expended are reimbursed by the various funds. For accounting and reporting purposes, that portion of the pooled cash balance is reported in the specific fund as an interfund balance. Interfund balances at December 31, 2020 are as follows:

				Dı	ue from	
		Ge	eneral	Per	rmanent	
		F	und	<u> </u>	Funds	<u>Total</u>
5 to	General Fund			\$	4,755	\$ 4,755
Oue	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	\$	250			250
_		\$	250	\$	4,755	\$ 5,005

Interfund transfers for the year ended December 31, 2020 consists of a transfer of \$4,755 to the General Fund from the Permanent Funds to distribute income. The transfer was made in accordance with budgetary authorization.

NOTE 9—RESTRICTED NET POSITION

Net position of governmental activities is restricted for specific purposes at December 31, 2020 as follows:

December 31, 2020

Permanent Funds - Principal	\$ 521,088
Permanent Funds - Income	118,213
Police Drug Forfeiture Funds	2,855
Recreation Donation Fund	15,205
Friends of Ordway Park Fund	7,269
Basketball Court Donations Trust Fund	2,879
Police Donation Trust Fund	468
Library Fund	 219,141
	\$ 887,118

NOTE 10—COMPONENTS OF FUND BALANCE

The Town's fund balance components for its governmental funds at December 31, 2020 are comprised as follows:

Evend Delanase	-	eneral		ermanent		Cable Advisory	Gov	onmajor vernmental	Go	Total vernmental
<u>Fund Balances</u> Nonspendable:		Fund		<u>Funds</u>	B	oard Fund		<u>Funds</u>		<u>Funds</u>
Permanent Funds - Principal			\$	521,088					\$	521,088
Prepaid items	\$	7,181	Ψ	521,000					Ψ	7,181
Restricted for:	Ψ	,,101								7,101
Permanent Funds - Income				118,213						118,213
Police Drug Forfeiture Funds							\$	2,855		2,855
Friends of Ordway Park							*	7,269		7,269
Recreation Donations Fund								15,205		15,205
Police Donation Trust Fund								468		468
Basketball Court Donations Trust Fund								2,879		2,879
Library Fund		219,141								219,141
Committed for:										
Cable Advisory Board Fund					\$	411,284				411,284
Recreation Revolving Fund								13,921		13,921
Police Special Details Fund								108,348		108,348
Conservation Commission Fund								106,410		106,410
Capital Reserve Fund		53,223								53,223
Expendable Trust Fund		14,891								14,891
Recycling Revolving Fund								7,047		7,047
Cemetery Trust Fund								8,663		8,663
Carryfoward appropriations		7,296								7,296
Assigned for:										
Encumbrances		91,729								91,729
OHRV Fund		182								182
Historic District Commission Fund								6,606		6,606
Trails Fund								4,077		4,077
Unassigned		872,122								872,122
	\$ 1	,265,765	\$	639,301	\$	411,284	\$	283,748	\$ 1	2,600,098

December 31, 2020

NOTE 11—PROPERTY TAXES

Taxes are levied on the assessed valuation of all taxable real property as of the prior April 1 (\$1,331,881,653 as of April 1, 2020) and are due in two installments on July 1, 2020 and December 15, 2020. Taxes paid after the due dates accrue interest at 8% per annum. Property taxes are recognized as revenue when received in cash or if available to finance current period operations (within sixty days of year-end).

Under State law, the Tax Collector obtains tax liens on properties which have unpaid taxes in the following calendar year after taxes were due for the amount of unpaid taxes, interest and costs. Priority tax liens obtained prior to April 1, 2019 accrue interest at 18% per annum. Priority tax liens obtained after April 1, 2019 accrue interest at 14% per annum. If the property is not redeemed within a two year redemption period, the property may be tax deeded to the Town.

In accordance with State law, the Town collects taxes for the Hampstead School District and Rockingham County, both independent governmental units, which are remitted to them as required by law. The Town also collects State of New Hampshire Education taxes, which are remitted directly to the school district. Total taxes appropriated during the year were \$23,688,713 and \$1,161,611 for the Hampstead School District and Rockingham County, respectively. These taxes are recognized in these financial statements within the fiduciary funds only. The Town bears responsibility for uncollected taxes.

NOTE 12—RISK MANAGEMENT

The Town is exposed to various risks of losses related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. During the year ended December 31, 2020, the Town was a member of and participated in a public entity risk pool (Trust) for property and liability insurance and worker's compensation coverage. Coverage has not been significantly reduced from the prior year and settled claims have not exceeded coverage in any of the past three years.

The Trust agreements permit the Trust to make additional assessments to members should there be a deficiency in Trust assets to meet its liabilities. Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require members of pools with a sharing of risk to determine whether or not such assessment is probable and, if so, a reasonable estimate of such assessment. At this time, the Trust foresees no likelihood of an additional assessment for any of the past years. Claims expenditures and liabilities are reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of that loss can be reasonably estimated. These losses include an estimate of claims that have been incurred but not reported. Based on the best available information there is no liability at December 31, 2020.

Property and Liability Insurance

The Trust provides certain property and liability insurance coverage to member towns, cities, and other qualified political subdivisions of New Hampshire. As a member of the Trust, the Town shares in contributing to the cost of and receiving benefit from a self-insured pooled risk management program. The program includes a Self-Insured Retention Fund from which is paid up to \$200,000 for each and every covered property, crime and/or liability loss that exceeds \$1,000, up to an aggregate of \$1,200,000. Each property loss is subject to a \$1,000 deductible. All losses over the aggregate are covered by insurance policies.

December 31, 2020

Worker's Compensation

The Trust provides statutory worker's compensation coverage to member towns, cities, and other qualified political subdivisions of New Hampshire. The Trust is self-sustaining through annual member premiums and provides coverage for the statutorily required workers' compensation benefits and employer's liability coverage up to \$2,000,000. The program includes a Loss Fund from which is paid up to \$500,000 for each and every covered claim.

NOTE 13—COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Sanitation Contract

During the year ended 2018, the Town entered into a long-term contract with an independent company for the collection and disposal of solid waste through December 31, 2023. Terms of the agreement are for a 5-year contract period starting December 31, 2018 with the independent company to provide municipal waste, bulk waste, and recycling services for the Town. The contract costs will be a minimum of \$510,000 for years one through five. The cost for the disposal services for year one is \$65 per ton, which increased \$2 per year for a final cost of \$73 per ton in year five. The cost for the curbside bulky collection is \$26 per sticker, \$186 per haul, and \$101 per ton disposal per year. The cost for containerized services is \$6,950 per year. Total expenditures under this contract for the year ended December 31, 2020 were \$678,239.

Contingencies

During the year ended December 31, 2018, the Town entered into a settlement agreement with Northern New England Telephone Operations LLC in the amount of \$267,000. Payments of \$66,750 are to be made annually over four years as credits to each year's tax bill with the first payment made in 2018. The difference between the credit to the tax bill and annual payment will be paid to Northern New England Telephone Operations LLC.

Litigation

There may be various claims and suits pending against the Town, which arise in the normal course of the Town's activities. The Town's management estimates that any potential claims against the Town, which are not covered by insurance, are immaterial and would not affect the financial position of the Town.

NOTE 14—PERFORMANCE BONDS

The Town holds performance bonds from developers until projects have been completed to Town standards. Due to the nature of the bonds they are not included as part of the financial statements. As of December 31, 2020, the performance bonds are comprised of the following:

Letters of credit

\$ 357,268

December 31, 2020

NOTE 15—RESTATEMENT OF EQUITY

During the year, it was determined that accounts receivable of the Town as previously reported, had a difference in timing for a reimbursement from the Cable Advisory Board Fund to the General Fund which resulted in an understatement of the accounts receivable balance. The impact on fund balance of the General Fund as of January 1, 2020 is as follows:

	General
	Fund
Fund Balance - January 1, 2020 (as previously reported)	\$ 962,050
Amount of restatement due to:	
Understatement of accounts receivable	 42,757
Fund Balance - January 1, 2020 (as restated)	\$ 1,004,807

The impact on net position of governmental activities as of January 1, 2020 from the above restatement is as follows:

	Governmental Activities
Net Position - January 1, 2020 (as previously reported) Amount of restatement due to:	\$ 2,130,977
Understatement of accounts receivable	42,757
Net Position - January 1, 2020 (as restated)	\$ 2,173,734

SCHEDULE 1

TOWN OF HAMPSTEAD, NEW HAMPSHIRE Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance

Budget and Actual (Budgetary Basis) - General Fund

Damana	Budgeted Original	l Amounts <u>Final</u>	Actual <u>Amounts</u>	Variance with Final Budget - Favorable <u>(Unfavorable)</u>		
Revenues:	¢ 2.4(2.022	ф <u>а 46а 0аа</u>	¢ 2.456.000	¢ (5.022)		
Taxes	\$ 3,462,923	\$ 3,462,923	\$ 3,456,990	\$ (5,933)		
Licenses and permits	2,444,025	2,444,025	2,451,627	7,602		
Intergovernmental	706,018	980,822	1,018,690	37,868		
Charges for services	204,395	204,395	212,169	7,774		
Interest income	50,864	50,864	34,894	(15,970)		
Miscellaneous	15,008	15,008	54,435	39,427		
Total Revenues	6,883,233	7,158,037	7,228,805	70,768		
Expenditures: Current operations:						
General government	1,917,292	1,980,035	1,860,973	119,062		
Public safety	2,819,295	2,971,403	2,759,990	211,413		
Highways and streets	970,780	986,043	880,677	105,366		
Sanitation	842,727	848,710	814,025	34,685		
Health and welfare	141,488	141,488	113,986	27,502		
Culture and recreation	148,800	173,049	65,007	108,042		
Conservation	8,255	8,255	8,091	164		
Total Expenditures	6,848,637	7,108,983	6,502,749	606,234		
Excess revenues over (under) expenditures	34,596	49,054	726,056	677,002		
Other financing sources (uses):						
Transfers in			4,409	4,409		
Transfers out	(601,212)	(608,374)	(604,243)	4,131		
Total Other financing sources (uses)	(601,212)	(608,374)	(599,834)	8,540		
Net change in fund balance	(566,616)	(559,320)	126,222	685,542		
Fund Balance at beginning of year - Budgetary Basis Fund Balance at end of year	905,730	905,730	905,730			
- Budgetary Basis	\$ 339,114	\$ 346,410	\$ 1,031,952	\$ 685,542		

SCHEDULE 2 TOWN OF HAMPSTEAD, NEW HAMPSHIRE

Schedule of Changes in the Town's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability

For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

	Cost-Sharing Multiple Employer Plan Information Only									
			Town's			Town's Proportionate	Plan Fiduciary			
	Town's	Pro	portionate			Share of the Net	Net Position			
	Proportion of	Sh	are of the		Town's	OPEB Liability	as a Percentage			
Measurement	the Net OPEB	Ν	et OPEB		Covered	as a Percentage of	of the Total			
Period Ended	<u>Liability</u>	<u>Liability</u>		<u>Payroll</u>		<u>Payroll</u>		Covered Payroll	OPEB Liability	
June 30, 2020	0.09756512%	\$	427,051	\$	1,958,746	21.80%	7.74%			
June 30, 2019	0.10359158%	\$	454,157	\$	1,793,689	25.32%	7.75%			
June 30, 2018	0.09614094%	\$	440,177	\$	1,648,849	26.70%	7.53%			
June 30, 2017	0.06142391%	\$	280,851	\$	1,542,655	18.21%	7.91%			
June 30, 2016	0.06151677%	\$	297,806	\$	1,469,991	20.26%	5.21%			

Significant Actuarial Assumptions

Measurement <u>Periods</u>	Inflation	Salary <u>Increases</u>	Rate of <u>Return</u>	Mortality <u>Table</u>	Mortality <u>Scale</u>
June 30, 2020	2.00%	5.60%	6.75%	Pub-2010	MP-2019
June 30, 2016 - 2019	2.50%	5.60%	7.25%	RP-2014	MP-2015
June 30, 2013 - 2015	3.00%	3.75-5.80%	7.75%	RP-2000	Scale AA

SCHEDULE 3 TOWN OF HAMPSTEAD, NEW HAMPSHIRE

Schedule of Town OPEB Contributions

	Cost-Sharing Multiple Employer Plan Information Only											
			Contributions									
	Con	tractually	Co	ntractually	Contr	ibution		Town's	as a Percentage			
	R	equired	Required Deficiency					Covered	of Covered			
Year Ended	Con	<u>ntribution</u>	Contribution		(Excess)			<u>Payroll</u>	<u>Payroll</u>			
December 31, 2020	\$	45,537	\$	(45,537)	\$	-	\$	1,973,367	2.31%			
December 31, 2019	\$	42,980	\$	(42,980)	\$ -		\$ 1,737,423		2.47%			
December 31, 2018	\$	45,189	\$	(45,189)	\$	-	\$	1,720,142	2.63%			
December 31, 2017	\$	39,637	\$	(39,637)	\$	-	\$	1,600,350	2.48%			

SCHEDULE 4

TOWN OF HAMPSTEAD, NEW HAMPSHIRE

Schedule of Changes in the Town's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability

Measurement <u>Period Ended</u>	Town's Proportion of the Net Pension <u>Liability</u>	S	Town's roportionate Share of the Net Pension <u>Liability</u>	Town's Covered <u>Payroll</u>	Town's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of <u>Covered Payroll</u>	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total <u>Pension Liability</u>
June 30, 2020	0.08586266%	\$	5,491,905	\$ 1,958,746	280.38%	58.72%
June 30, 2019	0.08315517%	\$	4,001,140	\$ 1,793,689	223.07%	65.59%
June 30, 2018	0.07796001%	\$	3,753,932	\$ 1,648,849	227.67%	64.73%
June 30, 2017	0.07606989%	\$	3,741,112	\$ 1,542,655	242.51%	62.66%
June 30, 2016	0.07520000%	\$	3,997,058	\$ 1,469,991	271.91%	58.30%
June 30, 2015	0.07495207%	\$	2,969,247	\$ 1,435,275	206.88%	65.47%
June 30, 2014	0.07520567%	\$	2,822,909	\$ 1,400,468	201.57%	66.32%
June 30, 2013	0.07210311%	\$	3,103,162	\$ 1,334,314	232.57%	59.81%

Significant Actuarial Assumptions											
			Investment								
Measurement		Salary	Rate of	Mortality	Mortality						
Periods	<u>Inflation</u>	Increases	<u>Return</u>	Table	Scale						
June 30, 2020	2.00%	5.60%	6.75%	Pub-2010	MP-2019						
June 30, 2016 - 2019	2.50%	5.60%	7.25%	RP-2014	MP-2015						
Julie 30, 2010 - 2019	2.3070	5.0070	7.2370	KI -2014	WII -2015						
June 30, 2013 - 2015	3.00%	3.75-5.80%	7.75%	RP-2000	Scale AA						

SCHEDULE 5

TOWN OF HAMPSTEAD, NEW HAMPSHIRE

Schedule of Town Pension Contributions

Year Ended	R	ntractually Required ntribution	Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required <u>Contribution</u>		Relation to the Contractually Contribut Required Deficience			Town's Covered <u>Payroll</u>	Contributions as a Percentage of Covered <u>Payroll</u>		
December 31, 2020	\$	383,990	\$	(383,990)	\$	-	\$	1,973,367	19.46%		
December 31, 2019	\$	344,087	\$	(344,087)	\$	-	\$	1,737,423	19.80%		
December 31, 2018	\$	346,680	\$	(346,680)	\$	-	\$	1,720,142	20.15%		
December 31, 2017	\$	305,094	\$	(305,094)	\$	-	\$	1,600,350	19.06%		
December 31, 2016	\$	265,637	\$	(265,637)	\$	-	\$	1,468,104	18.09%		
December 31, 2015	\$	262,074	\$	(262,074)	\$	-	\$	1,454,088	18.02%		
December 31, 2014	\$	245,150	\$	(245,150)	\$	-	\$	1,408,971	17.40%		
December 31, 2013	\$	208,793	\$	(208,793)	\$	-	\$	1,349,805	15.47%		

TOWN OF HAMPSTEAD, NEW HAMPSHIRE NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION December 31, 2020

NOTE 1—BUDGET TO ACTUAL RECONCILIATION

General Fund

Amounts recorded as budgetary amounts in the Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Budgetary Basis) – General Fund (Schedule 1) are reported on the basis budgeted by the Town. Those amounts differ from those reported in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America in the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds (Exhibit D). Property tax budgetary revenues are recognized when levied rather than when susceptible to accrual. Budgetary revenues and other financing sources and expenditures and financing uses were adjusted for encumbrances, non-budgetary activity, capital lease proceeds and budgetary transfers out.

	Revenues	Expenditures
	and Other	and Other
	Financing	Financing
	Sources	Uses
Per Exhibit D	\$ 7,739,050	\$ 7,478,092
Difference in property taxes meeting		
susceptible to accrual criteria	(35,742)	
Encumbrances - December 31, 2020		91,729
Encumbrances - December 31, 2019		(40,252)
Capital lease proceeds	(444,475)	(444,475)
Non-budgetary activity	(25,619)	(582,345)
Budgetary transfers out		604,243
Per Schedule 1	\$ 7,233,214	\$ 7,106,992

Major Special Revenue Fund

The Town adopts its budget under regulations of the New Hampshire Department of Revenue Administration which differs from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Consequently, budgetary information is not presented for the Cable Advisory Board Fund as the information is neither practical nor meaningful.

NOTE 2—BUDGETARY FUND BALANCE

The components of the budgetary fund balance for the General Fund at December 31, 2020 are as follows:

Nonspendable:		
Prepaid items	\$	7,181
Committed for:		
Carryforward appropriations		7,296
Unassigned:		
Unassigned - General operations	1,	017,475
	\$1,	031,952

TOWN OF HAMPSTEAD, NEW HAMPSHIRE NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (CONTINUED) December 31, 2020

NOTE 3—SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE TOWN'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY AND SCHEDULE OF TOWN OPEB CONTRIBUTIONS

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 75, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions*, the Town is required to disclose historical information for each of the prior ten years within a schedule of changes in the Town's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, and schedule of Town OPEB contributions. The Town implemented the provisions of GASB Statement No. 75 during the year ended December 31, 2018. Accordingly, the historic information has only been presented for those years which information was readily available. Additional disclosures will be made in future years as additional information becomes available.

NOTE 4—SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE TOWN'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY AND SCHEDULE OF TOWN PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions*, the Town is required to disclose historical information for each of the prior ten years within a schedule of changes in the Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability, and schedule of Town pension contributions. The Town implemented the provisions of GASB Statement No. 68 during the year ended December 31, 2015. Accordingly, the historic information has only been presented for those years which information was readily available. Additional disclosures will be made in future years as the information becomes available.

SCHEDULE A TOWN OF HAMPSTEAD, NEW HAMPSHIRE Combining Balance Sheet Governmental Funds - All Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds December 31, 2020

ASSETS	Recreation Revolving <u>Fund</u>	Historic District <u>Commission</u>	Trails <u>Fund</u>	Police Special Details <u>Fund</u>	Drug Forfeiture <u>Fund</u>	Conservation Commission	Friends of <u>Ordway Park</u>	Recreation Donation <u>Fund</u>	Police Donation <u>Trust Fund</u>	Basketball Court Donations <u>Trust Fund</u>	Recycling Revolving <u>Fund</u>	Cemetery Trust <u>Fund</u>	Total Nonmajor Special Revenue <u>Funds</u>
Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable Due from other funds	\$ 13,921	\$ 6,606	\$ 4,077	\$ 84,068 24,280		\$ 106,410	\$ 7,269	\$ 15,205	\$ 468	\$ 2,879	\$ 7,047	\$ 8,663	\$ 259,218 24,280 250 282,748
Total Assets	13,921	6,606	4,077	108,348	2,855	106,410	7,269	15,205	468	2,879	7,047	8,663	283,748
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Total Deferred Outflows of Resources Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$ 13,921	- \$ 6,606	- \$ 4,077	<u>-</u> \$ 108,348	- \$ 2,855	- \$ 106,410	- \$ 7,269	- \$ 15,205	- \$ 468	<u>-</u> \$ 2,879	- \$ 7,047	- \$ 8,663	\$ 283,748
LIABILITIES Total Liabilities	\$ -	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	<u></u> -	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ -	\$ -
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		<u> </u>											
FUND BALANCES Restricted	10.001			100.040	2,855	104 110	7,269	15,205	468	2,879	5.045	0.662	28,676
Committed Assigned	13,921	6,606	4,077	108,348		106,410					7,047	8,663	244,389 10,683
Total Fund Balances	13,921	6,606	4,077	108,348	2,855	106,410	7,269	15,205	468	2,879	7,047	8,663	283,748
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances	<u>\$ 13,921</u>	\$ 6,606	\$ 4,077	<u>\$ 108,348</u>	\$ 2,855	\$ 106,410	<u>\$ 7,269</u>	\$ 15,205	<u>\$ 468</u>	\$ 2,879	\$ 7,047	\$ 8,663	\$ 283,748

SCHEDULE B TOWN OF HAMPSTEAD, NEW HAMPSHIRE Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds - All Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

_	Recreation Revolving <u>Fund</u>	Historic District <u>Commission</u>	Trails <u>Fund</u>	Police Special Details <u>Fund</u>	Drug Forfeiture <u>Fund</u>	Conservation <u>Commission</u>	Friends of <u>Ordway Park</u>	Recreation Donation <u>Fund</u>	Police Donation <u>Trust Fund</u>	Basketball Court Donations <u>Trust Fund</u>	Recycling Revolving <u>Fund</u>	Cemetery Trust <u>Fund</u>	Total Nonmajor Special Revenue <u>Funds</u>
Revenues: Charges for services	\$ 4,121			\$ 260,181									\$ 264,302
Interest and investment income		\$ 24	\$ 3	433	\$ 10	\$ 328	\$ 35	\$ 87	\$ 2	\$ 15	\$ 25	\$ 1	963
Miscellaneous Total Revenues	4,121	450 474	3	260,614	10	328	<u> 195</u> 230	87	2	15	<u>680</u> 705	8,662 8,663	<u>9,987</u> 275,252
Expenditures:													
Current operations: General government Public safety		50		243,881									50 243,881
Culture and recreation	4,805			,				2,910					7,715
Conservation Total Expenditures	4,805	50	<u>916</u> 916	243,881				2,910					<u>916</u> 252,562
Net change in fund balances	(684)	424	(913)	16,733	10	328	230	(2,823)	2	15	705	8,663	22,690
Fund Balances at beginning of year	14,605	6,182	4,990	91,615	2,845	106,082	7,039	18,028	466	2,864	6,342		261,058
Fund Balances at end of year	<u>\$ 13,921</u>	\$ 6,606	\$ 4,077	<u>\$ 108,348</u>	\$ 2,855	\$ 106,410	\$ 7,269	\$ 15,205	<u>\$ 468</u>	\$ 2,879	\$ 7,047	\$ 8,663	<u>\$ 283,748</u>